



Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE
NAME

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CENTRE
NUMBER

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MATHEMATICS

9709/22

Paper 2 Pure Mathematics 2

October/November 2020

1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **16** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

3 (a) Sketch, on a single diagram, the graphs of $y = \left| \frac{1}{2}x - a \right|$ and $y = \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}a$, where a is a positive constant. [2]

(b) Find the coordinates of the point of intersection of the two graphs. [3]

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(c) Deduce the solution of the inequality $\left| \frac{1}{2}x - a \right| > \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}a$. [1]

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(b) The curve passes through the point (0, 2).

Find the equation of the tangent to the curve at this point, giving your answer in the form $ax + by + c = 0$. [3]

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(c) Show that the curve has no stationary points. [2]

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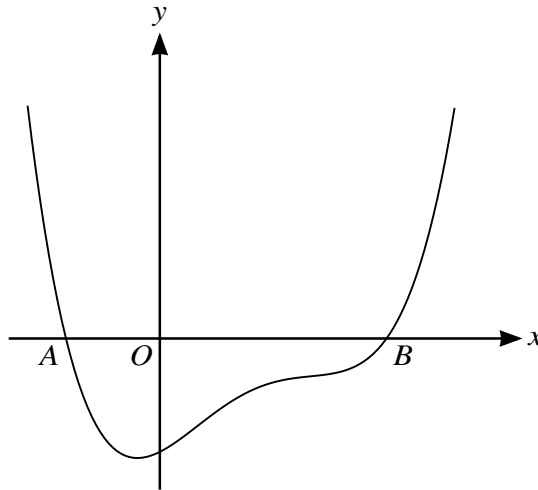
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A curve has equation $y = f(x)$ where $f(x) = x^4 - 5x^3 + 6x^2 + 5x - 15$. As shown in the diagram, the curve crosses the x -axis at the points A and B with coordinates $(a, 0)$ and $(b, 0)$ respectively.

- (a) Use the factor theorem to show that $(x - 3)$ is a factor of $f(x)$. [2]

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- (b) By first finding the quotient when $f(x)$ is divided by $(x - 3)$, show that

$$a = -\sqrt{\frac{5}{2-a}}. \quad [5]$$

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